

rugs and ornaments, it has been prepared for an operation case. The nurses of St. Andrew's Infirmary for women show a room in a private house arranged for the proper care of a contagious disease. The details are all most complete, and these displays are really of educational value. Most of the other large exhibits are reproductions of hospital wards, and are prepared with great completeness, every item being in place, down to the smallest pan or basin. Mount Sinai Hospital shows a remarkably complete and beautiful diet kitchen, with trays prepared for the patients, diet lists and daily orders. The Post-Graduate and Women's and Children's Infirmary give parts of their baby wards, with all the newest appliances for hip-joint and spinal diseases, as well as the conveniences used in the general care of babes and children, from an incubator up to rolling chairs. A feature of the Infirmary nursery is that the babies little basket beds, in blue and white, are held by brackets fastened to the wall at the proper height and distance. The effect is odd and pretty, and as they are for new born babies only, who cannot fall out, they are safe. They are suspended at just the right height for a nurse when standing.

St. Luke's and Roosevelt and the New York City show surgical wards, operating rooms, and model obstetrical pavilion.

The Presbyterian Hospital sent its miniature model of a small ward, which was at the World's Fair. An interesting feature of the exhibit is the collection of temperature charts and bedside notes, to which twenty-five or thirty hospitals have contributed. This is a competition exhibit. Also of much interest are the historical relics which have been loaned, among them the sponges used at the Massachusetts General Hospital for the administration of ether; and a remarkably good exhibit is a collection of old-fashioned remedies, household panaceas, "teas," herbs, and appliances of superstitious lore. One of the most impressive of all is the display made by one of the State hospitals for the insane, showing an old-time padded cell with the various instruments of restraint, the strait-jackets, the heavy chain in which the patient sat with arms and feet in the stocks, and the horrible bed, made like an open-work chest, the lid of which closed down and locked on the patient. The sides and lid were made open, with stout cross beams set in a frame.

Beside this was a model modern room for the insane, as attractive and well kept as any hospital ward. The contrivances of sheet and gown, which restrain the patient without terrifying him, were there, and a magnificent set of photographs showing the daily life and occupations of the patients, out-of-doors and in, and this most interesting exhibit was completed by a display of the articles of handiwork made by the patients, which was simply wonderful.

Many booths are not yet quite completed, and later there may be more of interest to be noted.

A SAD REPORT.—It is reported that two lady doctors, Miss Archer and Miss Hatfield, have been killed in Sierra Leone, in the revolt resulting from the unpopular hut-tax. The death of these ladies, as well as of other American missionaries is the more deplorable, as there seems to be a general consensus of opinion that the hut-tax should never have been imposed.

Outside the Gates.

WOMEN.



The Queen's visit to Queen's College is an event which we record with unqualified pleasure. The college which was founded just fifty years ago was the first to open its doors to women, and the fact that Her Majesty permitted the college to bear her name, and to show her approbation of its work by paying it a personal visit, during its jubilee celebration, on Monday last, is one which all who are interested in the higher education of women will deeply appreciate.

Helen, the unmarried daughter of the late Jay Gould, has sent 100,000 dollars (£20,000) to the Treasurer of the United States as a contribution towards the war fund, and Mr. McKinley has acknowledged the gift as an act of superb patriotism.

Miss Docwra, the president of the Women's Total Abstinence Union, opened the anniversary celebrations of this Society by receiving the delegates from different parts of the country at St. Martin's Town Hall. The annual meeting was held in the same place. The report presented showed that the federated societies now number 249. The Union's income was £1,344, and the balance sheet showed a small balance in hand. The union has also raised £500 to endow a cot in the London Temperance Hospital. It was reported that the Nurses' National Total Abstinence League had met with encouraging success, and that the union had taken part in the London County Council election, the result of which led reformers to hope that the Council's temperance policy would be even more pronounced than in the past.

One of the most interesting meetings of the Temperance world is that of the National British Temperance Association, which this year was held at the Queen's Hall, under the presidency of Lady Henry Somerset. In her opening speech the chairman spoke touchingly of Miss Frances Willard, Neal Dow, James Raper, and Dr. Lees, and pleaded for new recruits to carry on the work. "Some of us" she said "will not live to see the citadel taken and the victory won, but what will that matter if we do our duty to-day?"

At the meeting of the Council held in Westminster Chapel on Tuesday morning Lady Henry Somerset alluded to the position she had taken up in reference to the State Regulation of Vice in India, and said she had erred in judgment in supposing that there could be any other way out of that grave difficulty, except by bringing men and women to a full sense of their individual responsibility. When she saw her error she retraced her steps, and that was all anyone could do.

A strong hope is expressed by the delegates of the Association, that Lady Henry will allow herself to be re-elected as President.

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