fashion, in which the patient's arms, legs and shoulders were fastened by bars and locks. These, with the handcuffs, strait-jacket and anklets, made up a paraphernalia of torture which, with the accompanying treatment, would soon derange the steadiest brain and goad its possessor to madness.

THE other room, presided over by a trained nurse, was cheerful and comfortable and almost luxurious. All forcible restraint had been abolished but that of a patent double sheet, which allows freedom of motion, but keeps a patient in bed. This, too has been discarded by most asylums, and the principle on which they are everywhere treated now is to give occupation in cheerful surroundings.

MISS GRACE FORMAN considers that the high plane on which the modern nurse stands was illustrated by her ability to preach as well as put into practice the instructions she has received.

During the first three days of the exposition the lecture rooms were occupied by the Nurses' Associated Alumnae of the United States and Canada, whose sessions were held morning and afternoon.

WHEN shall we see an Association of Nurses in this country, loyal to one another, and to the best interests of their noble profession, and able "to speak with tongues."

THE New York *Medical Record* brings a very serious charge against the Spanish troops, when it states that they ignored the Red Cross flag, and attacked Cuban hospitals flying this sign of international truce, and butchered doctors, nurses, and patients. It says the Spanish shot deliberately upon American wounded and their bearers, at the battle of Santiago de Cuba.

According to a correspondent in the Sun, "one of the most horrible features of the war is the dozens of men who have been killed as they lay in litters, and the surgeons, although wearing the emblem of the Red Cross Society on their arms, have been the special object of attack."

SEVEN Spanish soldiers, who are believed to have been in the band of sharp shooters who fired upon the American ambulance at Santiago, and killed Drs. Danford and Teoval, have been captured, and it is probable that they will be hanged.

All this is very horrible, but, as a great American General is reported to have told the cadets at West Point, war is not "all glory," but "all hell!"

Reflections

FROM A BOARD ROOM MIRROR.

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES has made such satisfactory progress during the past week, that he is to be moved to Cowes for change of air to-day. He is reported to have borne his accident and suffering with exemplary courage and patience.

A new hospital for soldiers' wives and children was opened on Monday at Aldershot by the Duchess of

Connaught. Her Royal Highness, who was accompanied by the Duke of Connaught, was received by Surgeon-Major-General O'Dwyer, principal medical officer, whose daughter presented Her Royal Highness with a bouquet of pink roses. After a brief religious ceremony, in a ward named after Her Majesty, the Duchess of Connaught declared the hospital open. Their Royal Highnesses afterwards visited the various wards. The hospital is named the Louise Margaret Hospital, after the Duchess of Connaught. There are altogether fifty-three beds, twenty-eight in the maternity block, and twenty-five in the general block. The wards are of various sizes, and named after different members of the Royal family and those connected with the camp.

The new circular ward at the Great Northern Central Hospital, containing 25 beds, has been formally declared open, by the Bishop of Islington. The new ward, he said, had been built for some years, but lack of funds prevented its use. It was now opened as a venture of faith in the hope that the locality would subscribe the ξ_1 ,000 that would be annually required for its main-tenance. The chairman (Mr. Charles Scudbridge), in subsequently moving a vote of thanks to the Bishop, said that the hospital building and site had cost \pounds 80,000, said that the hospital building and site had cost \pounds 80,000, and another \pounds 60,000 had been spent in maintenance during the last ten years. The annual cost of main-tenance, including the new ward, would be \pounds 10,000. On the other hand, the reliable income was only \pounds 2,500 per annum. At the present time, the hospital was in debt to the bankers to the extent of \pounds 5,000. The opening of this new ward had only become possible through the \pounds 900 raised by the inhabitants of Islington in connection with the Diamond Iubilee of the Oueen in connection with the Diamond Jubilee of the Queen falling into the hands of the Committee, and a brass tablet affixed to the centre pillar recorded this fact. In seconding, Mr. F. Dewey said that he regretted that the Established Church, of which there were no fewer than 40 branches in Islington, did so little for the great institution that was in their midst. The vote of thanks having been passed with acclamation, the Bishop, in reply, said that the hospital should have every attention from him, and he should have great pleasure in becoming an annual subscriber. Mr. G. J. Chatterton promised to present a harmonium to complete the furnishing of the ward.

The governors of the Royal South Hants Infirmary, Southampton, lately met to consider the question of a new wing to that institution, which is about to be built



