

## The Examinations of Nurses at Lewisham Infirmary.

As the result of the examinations of nurses held at the Lewisham Infirmary, the following pass list has been issued:—

### FINAL EXAMINATION.

1. Nurse E. Harris.
2. " M. Fox.
3. " B. Slade.
4. " M. Brown.
5. " V. Faithfull-Davies.
6. " C. Sharpe.

### EXAMINATION OF 1ST YEAR PROBATIONERS.

1. Nurse A. Coles.
2. { " N. Kimberley.
- { " E. Scutt.
4. " E. Hawkins.
5. " C. Littlewood.

It will be remembered that at this Infirmary the examination is conducted by a medical man not connected with the Institution—a most excellent arrangement. The examiner was formerly Dr. Arkle, whose early death last year caused so much regret. Dr. Rose Bradford has now undertaken this office.

The nurses who have successfully passed their final examination now have the opportunity—of which, we imagine, most will avail themselves—of learning practical midwifery in the lying-in wards, and of studying for the examination of the London Obstetrical Society. This is a most valuable addition to their training, and one which many of the nurses of our general training schools find it impossible to obtain without severing their connection with their training school, besides having to pay a considerable sum as tuition fee. The nurses at Lewisham, therefore are very fortunate in having the opportunity of gaining this knowledge. The day, no doubt, will come when it is held essential that maternity training should be included in the education of every certificated nurse.

The written questions set in the examinations at Lewisham will be of interest to many.

### FINAL EXAMINATION.

#### 3RD YEAR PROBATIONERS.

*Three hours.*

Not more than three questions to be attempted in each group.

#### A.

1. Write a description of the bony pelvis.
2. How would you prepare a patient for the

operation of curetting the uterus? Mention all details concerning the room, instruments, operating table and bed.

3. How would you nurse a case of fractured spine and what special complications should be guarded against?

4. Write what you know of the theory of anti-septic surgery.

5. What complications may arise in a case of compound fracture of a long bone? How would you recognize them?

6. How would you apply first aid in—(a) a case of ruptured varicose vein of the leg; (b) a case of fractured femur; (c) a case of head injury, drowsy, and smelling of drink?

#### B.

1. Describe shortly the functions of the stomach. How can milk be digested artificially?

2. What are the symptoms produced by severe hæmorrhage? Mention some diseases in which this may occur, and how should a case of internal hæmorrhage be nursed?

3. What precautions should be taken in nursing a case of Diphtheria? Mention some of the more serious complications of this disease.

4. What is Apoplexy? How should a case of Apoplexy be nursed?

5. Describe fully the methods known to you by which the temperature of febrile patients may be lowered. What is Hyperpyrexia?

6. How should a patient be nursed—(1) to avoid the production of bed sores; (2) when bed sores are present?

### EXAMINATION OF 1ST YEAR PROBATIONERS.

1. Mention by name all the bones of the Skeleton.

2. Describe the eye as fully as you can.

3. Give an account of the nursing points of any acute case you may have seen.

4. Describe the structure of the Kidneys and the functions of the various parts.

5. What do you understand by the following terms:—

Lotion. Enema. Syncope.

Fomentation. Shock. Asphyxia.

Counter-irritant. Seton. Secondary Hæmorrhage. Pericarditis.

6. How would you prepare a bed for a case of—

(1) Fractured thigh. (4) Rheumatic fever.

(2) " spine. (5) Chorea.

(3) Epilepsy. (6) Laparotomy.

Questions 1 and 3 must be attempted.

Either 2 or 4.

" 5 " 6.

Four questions in all must be attempted.

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