Cut a piece of the material 6 inches wide, and long enough to fit the patient from the waist line down to the coccyx. Attach to this pieces of domestic, 4 inches wide, and long enough to amply reach round the patient's hip. They should each lap a half over the other, and be evenly applied on to the back piece, so that the tails are equally as long on each side. They are mostly sterilized, especially in laparotomies and amputations.

The bandage is best applied if each side is rolled on a piece of clean pasteboard, and unless a Scultatu's bandage is used perineal straps should be added to hold the bandage in place.

A three tailed bandage is made with three tails only on one side; the other side is whole. This bandage is best made from bleached gauze.

Triangular Bandages take the place of roller bandages, but are not used from preference in cases where a great deal of hæmorrhage has occurred, as they do not give the desired pressure. They are made from unbleached domestic, and are cut in different sized triangles.

The Broad Straight Bandages are used in the same cases as the six, and eight tails, and Scultatu's bandages.

They are preferred by many as being more elastic, and, consequently, capable of more pressure. They are mostly used in obstetrical cases, and are made as follows: Take a piece of Canton flannel, about 11/4 yard long, according to the needs of the patient, double the piece lengthwise, fasten it together, and leave the furry side out. It is difficult to apply, and about 20 large safety pins are needed for that purpose.

The Y Bandage is made in the shape of a Y, and used as a supporter for the breast in obstetrical cases.

(To be continued.)

Educational Questions.

PRINCE ALFRED HOSPITAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES.

ANNUAL EXAMINATION, DECEMBER, 1900. THIRD YEAR.

OPHTHALMIC NURSING.

- 1. (a) What are the functions of the eyelids? (b) In what way do they protect the eyes?
- (c) What do you know of their structure? 2. (a) Mention the various astringent eye lotions. . .
 - (b). How do you apply an ointment to the eye? · .

(c) Are poultices ever used in eye surgery?

- 3. (a) What do you mean by the terms :---Hypermetropia
 - Myopia Astigmatism?
 - (b) Which of the three is the most common cause of headache?
 - (c) What are the various reasons for which glasses are worn?
 - (a) How would you nurse a case of iritis? (b) Give an account of how you would apply nitrate of silver to the eyelids, and what strength you would use.
 - (c) How would you insert a glass eye? and how would you take care of it?

MASSAGE AND ELECTRICITY.

1. Describe how you would apply massage in a case of constipation, including the preparation of the patient, the length and number of sittings.

2. How would you apply massage in the case of a recently sprained ankle?

3. Enumerate the various movements used in What is "fulling," when and where massage. would you use it?

4. Describe briefly any typical form of battery cell with which you are acquainted, naming the different parts.

5. What is meant by the terms :----

- (a) Ascending current
- (b) Descending current
- (c) Stabile application
- (d) Labile application

What are the effects on a sensory nerve of (a)

an ascending, (b) a descending current? 6. Describe briefly how you would faradize the affected leg of a nervous child suffering from infantile paralysis, mentioning the chief points to be attended to.

Abdominal and Gynæcological Nursing.

I. If asked to prepare a set of sponges for a case of abdominal section, what would you do?

2. If placed in charge of a case of abdominal section, immediately after operation, state what you would consider it your duty to do during the first twelve hours.

3. If asked to prepare a patient for curetting, and the repair of a torn perineum, what would you do?

· NURSING OF THE NERVOUS AND INSANE.

1. Define a delusion. What is the probable origin of a delusion?

2. Give a short classification of insanity.

3. Describe a case of melancholia, and state as fully as you can what a nurse's duties are when in charge of such a case.

4. What would you do if a patient had an epileptic fit?



