The Midwife.

CENTRAL MIDWIVES BOARD FOR SCOTLAND.

The following were approved by the Central Midwives Board for Scotland, on February 7, 1918, for the ensuing year in the undermentioned capacities:

List of Examiners.

EDINBURGH.

Glasgow.

DUNDEE.

ABERDEEN.

List of Institutions at which Midwives may be Trained.

under the Rules of the Central Midwives Board for Scotland.

SCOTLAND.
Royal Maternity Hospital, Edinburgh; Royal Maternity Hospital, Rottenrow, Glasgow; the Maternity Hospital, Aberdeen; the Maternity Hospital, Dundee (Maternity Department of Edinburgh Hospital for Women), 219, High Street, Edinburgh; Queen Victoria's Jubilee Institute, 26 & 29, Castle Terracé, Edinburgh; Church of Scotland Deaconess Hospital, 142, Pleasance, Edinburgh; Cottage Nurses' Training Home, Merryland Street, Copland Road, Govan; Edinburgh Lying-in Institution, 58, Lauriston Place, Edinburgh.

Poor Law Institutions at which Midwives may be Trained.

SCOTLAND.
Glasgow Eastern, District Hospital, Duke Street, Glasgow.

Teachers and Lecturers Approved under Rules C.

Members of the acting staffs of the foregoing approved Institutions with Medical Practitioners attached thereto who are approved as qualified to sign up cases under Rules C.

Certified Midwives Approved to Sign Certificates under Rules C.

Isabella Lewis Scrimgour, the Nurses' Home, South Avenue, Govan; Alice Helen Turnball, the Deaconess Hospital, 142, Pleasance, Edinburgh; Ada Margaret Gordon, the Hospice, 219, High Street, Edinburgh; Florence Adam Marchant, Matron, Eastern District Hospital, Duke Street, Glasgow; Alice Jane Harvey Williamson, 29, Castle Terrace, Edinburgh; Mary Macdonald Miller, 29, Castle Terrace, Edinburgh; Margaret Ann Farries, Auchentorlie House, Paisley; Annie Dickson Dunlop, 58, Lauriston Place, Edinburgh.

THE MIDWIVES (IRELAND) ACT.

The Midwives (Ireland) Act, 1918 [7 and 8 Geo. 5, Ch. 59] is now published, price 2d net, and may be purchased through any bookseller or directly from H.M. Stationery Office, Imperial House, Kingsway, London, W.C. 2; 1, St. Andrew's Crescent, Cardiff; 23, Forth Street, Edinburgh; and E. Ponsonby, Ltd., 116, Grafton Street, Dublin.

RATIONS FOR MOTHERS.

A correspondent draws attention in the Times to the position of nursing mothers with regard to the new food rations, and says that it is obvious, for instance, that a quantity of meat unquestionably inadequate for a normal person in normal health cannot be expected to maintain two persons, and points out that the desirability of mothers suckling their infants has been so frequently urged that immediate steps should be taken to ensure that they be enabled to do so without this grave risk to their own health and that of their infants. The experience of his own wife in this respect has been distressing in the extreme; indeed, she has had great difficulty in overcoming her inclination to steal the meat. There is much more than a personal interest in this question. It is useless to urge the increase of the race unless adequate provision be made for the support of the future generation. We entirely endorse this view, and now that women will be able to bring direct influence to bear on legislation that the welfare of the race, and of its long-suffering mothers will receive more consideration.

LECTURES ON INFANT CARE.

February 25th.—The Development of Infants and Young Children. By H. C. Cameron, Esq., M.D., F.R.C.P., Physician, Children's Department, St. Mary's Hospital. No. 1, Wimpole St., London, W.1.