

OUR ROLL OF HONOUR.

With grief and pride we publish the names of our Canadian sisters murdered on the high seas by the sinking of the *Llandoverly Castle*.

CAMPBELL, Christine, N.S., Victoria, B.C.; DOUGLAS, Carola Josephine, N.S. Manitoba; DUSSAULT, Alaxina, N.S., Montreal; FOLLETTE, Minnie, N.S., Cumberland Co., N.S.; FORTESCUE, Margaret Jane, N.S., Montreal; FRASER, Matron Margaret Marjory, Moosejaw, Sask.; GALLAHER, Minnie Katherine, N.S., Ottawa; MCDIARMID, Jessie Mabel, N.S., Ashton, Ontario; MCKENZIE, Mary Agnes, N.S., Toronto; MCLEAN, Rena, N.S., Prince Edward Island; SAMPSON, Mac Belle, N.S., Duntroon, Ont.; SARE, Gladys Irene, N.S., Montreal; STAMERS, Anna Irene, N.S., New Brunswick; TEMPLEMAN, Jean, N.S., Ottawa.

To hundreds of officers and men of the Canadian Overseas Forces, the name of Nursing Sister Miss Margaret Marjorie (Pearl) Fraser, will recall a record of unselfish effort, a fitting tribute to this nation's womanhood. Volunteering for active service in the C.A.M.C. on September 29th, 1914, Miss Fraser went to France with the 1st Canadian Division, and for almost three years had been on duty in casualty clearing stations. Her faithfulness was only typical, however, of that service for humanity exhibited by every one of these precious 14 lives.

The Minister of Overseas Military Forces of Canada (Sir Edward Kemp, K.C.M.G.), having made careful inquiries into the sinking of the hospital ship *Llandoverly Castle*, on June 27th has authorised publication of a report, which affords convincing evidence of the deliberate intent and dastardly character by the latest German outrage on non-combatants.

THE SPLENDID COURAGE OF THE SISTERS.

In an extract from Sergeant A. Knight's stirring record of the supreme devotion and valiant sacrifice of the medical personnel, nothing stands out more heroically than the coolness and courage

of the fourteen Canadian Sisters, every one of whom was lost. We learn:—"Unflinchingly and calmly, as steady and collected as if on parade, without a complaint or a single outward sign of emotion, our fourteen devoted nursing sisters faced the terrible ordeal of certain death, only a matter of minutes, as our lifeboat neared that mad whirlpool of waters where all human power was helpless."

The majority of the fourteen Sisters volunteered for service at the very outbreak of hostilities in 1914, came to England and France with the first Canadian Division, had seen active service, chiefly in casualty clearing stations in France, throughout the intervening period, and recently had been transferred to transport duty. For many months, and in some cases, two years these Sisters had endured the hazards of the shelled areas in France, splendidly contributing to the efficiency of our medical service. How magnificently they faced the final ordeal on that awful evening of June 27th is simply yet graphically related in the story of Sergeant A. Knight, the non-commissioned officer of the C.A.M.C. who took charge of lifeboat No. 5, into which the fourteen nurses were placed.

It is a story calculated to make every heart throb with admiration and gratitude to have been born British, and to be a member of the Nursing Sisterhood.



Elliott & Fry.

SISTER FOX HARVEY, TRIPLE CHEVRONS.

There is much feeling throughout the nursing community over the sinking of the *Llandoverly Castle*. The International Council of Nurses in London is compiling a full list of members deliberately assassinated by the Germans. Canada's loss is most grievous.

THE ROYAL NAVAL NURSING SERVICE.

Sister Fox Harvey, whose portrait appears on this page, wears three chevrons for service afloat as a naval nurse. She is now on duty at the Royal Naval Hospital, Chatham. We hear very little of the work done by the members of Queen Alexandra's Royal Naval Nursing Service, but our sick and wounded sailors realize its value.

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